## FALAKATA COLLEGE

Test Examination 2019-20, Part-III
Subject - Philosophy (Hons.)
Paper: V+VI

F	ull	Marks	_	100

Time - 4 hrs.

ction-I	9		

-		THE REAL PROPERTY.
	Section-I governed Pennyog I-noily	(0
	Answer any two questions from following: Shaff of Bad W	
1.	How do the Naiyayikas explain the perception of non-exi (Abhava)? Discuss, after Dipika, the claim of Anupallabdh separate pramana.	stence i as a 12=20
2.	Distinguish between Upamana and Upamiti. Is Upamiti a s of inference?	pecies
3.	What is Sabda Pramana? What are the conditions of Sabdabo Discuss.	
4.	What is meant by verifiability criterion of meaning? Are Uni statements verifiable? Are statements about the Past verifiable 12+4+	versa
5.	What is Sign? Explain, after Hospers, the difference between and Symbol. What is the distinction between conventional sign natural sign? Are words natural or conventional signs? What signs we the fellowing property of the fellowing property of the fellowing property.	n and
	of signs are the following?	
	a) The word 'rose' given as a name to a particular kind of flow	
	b) +(Cross) as used on a doctor's Car. 2+4+6+4+ Section-II	4=20
		4 40
6.		4=40
	Explain interactionism as a theory of the relation between and body.	mind 10
7.	How can we have knowledge of other minds?	10
8.	Distinguish between knowledge by acquaintance and know by description.	ledge 10
9.	What is Hume's regulatory theory of Causation?	10
10.	State and explain three kinds of Linga with examples.	10
11.	Explain, after Annambhatta, the definition of buddhi or Jn ana	. 10
12.	Now dues Annambhatta establish Nyaya theory of Pa Pramanya? Discuss after Dipika.	
13.	Explain Asamavayi Karana with examples.	10

## Section-III

14.	A more area of the following	10-20
	Subject - Enlosophy (Hons.)	10=20
a)	1 * · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
b)	Who is an Apta?	
c)	What is called Pratiyogi?	
d)	What is Pada? I univolted most enoties up owt your to wen A.	
e)	Define Karana. Oraci and mulgious assistances and ob wold	
f)	Give an example Upadhi.	
g)	what is the meaning of Prakara?	
h)	What is solipsism?	
(i)=	What is sense-data?	
j)	What is phenomenalism?	
k)	What is lexical definition?	
1)	What is determinism?	
m)	What is determinism? What is Logical possibility?	
n)	What is necessary condition?	- 3
0)	What is contingent truth?	
Linux 1	natural sign? Are words natural or conventional signs? Wha	
	of signs are the following?	
	a) The word 'rose' given as a name to a particular kind of flow	
	b) +(Cross) as used on a doctor's Car. 2+4+6+4+	
-04=k	Section-II	
	9	
01	Explain interactionism as a theory of the relation between and body.	
01	How cas we have knowledge of other minds?	
	Distinguish between knowledge by acquaintance and know	
	by description.	
	What is Hume's regulatory theory of Causation?	
01	State and explain three kinds of Linga with examples.	
01.	Explain, after Annambhatta, the definition of buddhi or Inan-	
	Now dues Annambhatta establish Nyaya theory of Pr	
	Pramanya? Discuss after Dipika.	
	Explain Asamavayi Karana with examples.	

## FALAKATA COLLEGE

Test Examination 2019-20, Part-III Subject - Philosophy (Hons.)
Paper: VII+VIII

Time - 4 hrs.

Full	Marks - 100 Time - 4 hrs.
	Section-I
	Answer any two questions from following:
1.	What is meant by 'Community'? What are its characteristics? Explain its basis following MacIver and Page. Is Monastery a community? Discuss.  4+8+5+3=20
2.	What do you mean by enthanasia? Explain in brief different types of enthanasia with examples. 5+15=20
3.	Define Society following MacIver and Page. Explain the nature and function of society.  4+16=20
4.	Discuss the problem of free will. What are the views of the mental cause theorists in this respect? 14+6=20
5.	Is person a body or a mind or a mind with a body? Answer with reference to Strawson.
	Section-II
6.	Answer any four of the following: 10x4=40
a)	Give a critical explanation of avowal theory of mental expression.
b)	Discuss, in brief, on the third person account of consciousness. 10
c)	Write a note on the thesis of intentionality.
d)	Discuss about the goals as the explanation of actions.
e)	What do you mean by religious discrimination? State arguments against the religious discrimination? 2+8=10
f)	Discuss the concept of humanism following Vivekananda? 10
g)	Explain the nature of Primary group.
h)	State arguments for and against a welfare state.
	Section-III
7.	Answer any ten of the following: 2x10=20
a)	Is state a community?
b)	Is Marriage a contact?
c)	What is freedom?
d)	What is in-group?
e)	What is meant by Green House Effect?

f)

What is deep ecology?

g) h)	What is altruistic suicide? What is meant by gender discrimination?	
i) j) k)	What do you mean by parallelism? What do you mean by Panpsychism? What is the paradox of epiphenomenalism?	
1) · m)	What do you mean by unintelligibility thesis? What do you mean by Cartesian dualism?	
n) o)	Define philosophy of mind.  What is free will?	.Ĭ
	2011年1月1日 1日 1	
	Define Society following MacIver and Page Explain the	3;
	Discuss the problem of free will. What are the views of the	
	Is person a body or a find or a mind with a body? Answerference to Siraw con.	
04-1-4	II-indiage	
	A SECOND PROPERTY OF THE PROPE	
0.1	Give a critical explanation of avoval theory of friental ext	
ess. 10	Discuss, in brief, on the third person account of consciousn	(d
	Write a note oil the theory of intentionality	(0.
	Polymers about the goals as the explanation of actions	(b
ALTO PE	What do you thean by religious discrimination? State at	(9
011	Discuss the concept of humanism following Vivekananda	
	Explain the nature of Primary group.	
di .	State arguments for and against a welfare state.	(d
2×10=20	Answer any fen of the Dillowing:	
	PREMET AND LESS OF THE THIRD AND THE THROUGH	7.
	is state a Sentificative? Is Marriage a confect?	
		(1)
	What is freedom? What is in-croup?	
	What is meant by Green Huuse Liffeet ?	(6
	What is deep ecology?	(d